

Biol. Pharm. Bull., 26 (8) 1215 - 1218 (2003)

Relative Reactivities of Histamine and Indoleamines with Acetaldehyde

Takeshi Ohya (大谷武司) and Masaru Niitsu (新津 勝)

Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Josai University, Sakado 350-0295, Japan

Relative reactivities of histamine and indoleamines such as tryptamine, 5-hydroxytryptamine and 5-methoxytryptamine with acetaldehyde (AA) under physiological conditions were investigated. AA was found to have much higher reactivity towards histamine than towards indoleamines. For example, when a reaction mixture of AA (1 mM) and histamine or tryptamine (5 mM) in 0.1 M phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) was incubated at 37 °C for 24 h, AA decreased by 11 % in the case of tryptamine, while in the case of histamine, it decreased 88 %. In addition, the reaction product of AA with histamine was investigated. Mixtures of a fixed amount of histamine (5 mM) and various amounts of AA (1 - 20 mM) in phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) were incubated for 5 h at 37 °C. In all cases, only one product, 4-methylspineamine (4-MSPA), was observed. The yield of 4-MSPA was in approximate agreement with the losses of histamine and AA, indicating that the loss of histamine caused by the reaction of AA was quantitatively converted to 4-MSPA. These results show that the reaction of AA with histamine easily takes place to produce 4-MSPA in an aqueous medium close to physiological conditions.