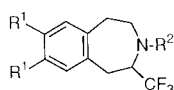
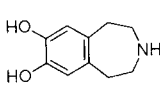


Anticancer Res., **19**, 5075-5078 (1999)Plasmid Elimination and Immunomodulation by 3-Benzazepines *In Vitro*Noboru Motohashi,¹ Masami Kawase (河瀬 雅美),² Setsuo Saito (齋藤 節生),² Csilla Miskoler,³ Livia Bosek,³ and Joseph Molnar³

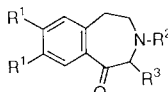
Abstract: For studying the mechanisms of biological activity on 3-benzazepines, antimicrobial effect, F'lac plasmid elimination activity (a plasmid curing effect on F'lac plasmid) and antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) test were performed. A weak antiplasmid effect was found at sub-inhibitory concentrations. A combination of KF3 with verapamil did not alter the ineffectivity, however, KF3 could inhibit the antiplasmid effect of promethazine, as compared to the control (promethazine alone) plasmid curing effect. A competition between promethazine and KF3 might exist in plasmid elimination effect. ADCC activity of human leukocytes was enhanced by KF1, KF2, KF4, dopamine and norepinephrine at 1.0 μ g/mL concentrations. The majority of 3-benzazepines (KS02, KM57, KN50, KE04, K110, KP80) was ineffective for plasmid curing, however, inhibited the ADCC reaction, but they did not show a real dose-dependent effect.



KF1 R¹=OH, R²=H
KF2 R¹=OH, R²=Me
KF3 R¹=OMe, R²=H



KF4



KS02 R¹=OMe, R²=SO₂Me, R³=Me
KM57 R¹=OMe, R²=SO₂CF₃, R³=Me
KN50 R¹=H, R²=SO₂CF₃, R³=H
KE04 R¹=OMe, R²=SO₂CF₃, R³=H
K110 R¹=OMe, R²=SO₂CF₃, R³=CHMe₂
KP80 R¹=OMe, R²=SO₂CF₃, R³=Ph

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